

LIBRARY JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY BOARD FINANCE SUBCOMMITTEE

Thursday March 21, 2013
Downtown Branch Sheet Music Room
(1st Floor; To the Right of the Reference Desk)
224 Church Street, Santa Cruz

6:30 PM PUBLIC MEETING

- 1. ROLL CALL
- 2. APPROVE AGENDA OF MARCH 21, 2013
- 3. APPROVE MINUTES OF FEBRUARY 21,2013
- 4. ORAL COMMUNICATIONS
- 5. STAFF REPORTS
 - a. Monthly Financial Reports- February 2013 (to be handed out at the meeting)
 - b. FY13/14 Budget Update (oral)
 - c. Operating reserves (to be handed out at meeting)
 - d. Financial planning retreat update (oral)
- 6. OTHER BUSINESS
 - a. Approve procedure for election of officers (PG.6)
 - b. Elect Chair and Vice-Chair
- 7. WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS
 - a. Four year revenue/expenditure history (PG.7)
 - b. RPTFF Residual Distribution (PG.8-10)
 - c. Library Audit (PG.11-47)
- 8. FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING CALENDAR

The Finance Committee will consider its current meeting schedule and may revise it as necessary. Meetings for March through August will be approved with schedule handed out at the meeting.

9. NEXT MEETING

The next regularly scheduled meeting is Monday April 22, 2013 at 6:30 p.m. at the Downtown Branch Library

ADJOURN

The Library Joint Powers Authority Board Finance Subcommittee will adjourn from the regularly scheduled meeting of March 21, 2013 to the next regularly scheduled public meeting on April 22, 2013 at 6:30 pm in the Community Meeting Room of the Downtown Branch Library.

The Santa Cruz City-County Library System does not discriminate against persons with disabilities. Out of consideration for people with chemical sensitivities, the Library requests that you attend fragrance free. The Downtown Branch Library is a fully accessible facility. If you wish to attend this public meeting, and you will require special assistance such as sign language or other special devices in order to attend and participate, please call (831) 427-7706 seventy-two (72) hours prior to the event to make arrangements for assistance. Upon request, agendas for public meetings can be provided in a format to accommodate special needs.

SANTA CRUZ PUBLIC LIBRARIES A CITY-COUNTY SYSTEM

LIBRARY JOINT POWERS BOARD FINANCE SUBCOMMITTEE

MINUTES

February 21, 2013

Downtown Branch Meeting Room 224 Church Street, Santa Cruz

6:30 PM PUBLIC MEETING

I. ROLL CALL

Present:

Citizen Member English, Councilmember Terrazas,

Absent:

Councilmember Termini

Staff:

Director Landers, Finance Director Pimentel

II. APPROVAL OF MEETING AGENDA OF FEBRUARY 21, 2013

Citizen Member English moved, seconded by Councilmember Terrazas

that the Finance Subcommittee approve the agenda of February 21, 2013

UNAN

ABSENT: Termini

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF DECEMBER 10, 2012

Citizen Member English moved, seconded by Councilmember Terrazas

that the Finance Subcommittee approve the minutes of December 10, 2012

UNAN

ABSENT: Termini

IV. ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

None

V. STAFF REPORTS

Monthly Financial Reports – January 2013

The Finance Subcommittee reviewed the December/January reports. Revenues are on target. A surplus of \$ 900,000.00 for 2013 is expected, however, several large expenditures are coming. Sales tax is stronger than estimated. Payroll is projected to be under budget. The library is presently in a strong fiscal position.

Finance Director Pimentel discussed the December Snapshot report and responded to a number of questions. The Sub committee members expressed interest in a comparison between last year's revenue and expenses and this year's financial picture with a projection into the future.

Councilmember Terrazas mentioned the possibility of holding a one-day LJP Board retreat; a recommendation that was positively received.

b. Draft of 2014 Budget Priorities.

Director Landers presented a draft of priorities for the FY 13/14 budget. The Sub committee discussed this and suggested some revisions.

VI. OTHER BUSINESS

a. Discussion about process for funding for capital projects

The regular budget cannot support all these capital needs and other avenues will need to be explored. Director Landers presented two expected recommendations regarding process:

a. Hiring a financial advisor in regards to what types of funding measures will yield the needed funds.

b. Conducting a poll to make a final decision on how to proceed.

This will be discussed more fully in the meetings to discuss the Facilities Master Plan.

VII. WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS

Councilmember Terrazas referred to an email sent to Director Landers regarding the protocol for election of chair and vice chair. Director Landers was directed to include this item on the next agenda.

VIII. FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING CALENDAR

The following dates for 2013 were discussed and agreed upon:

Thursday, March 21;

Monday, April 22;

Monday, May 20;

Thursday, June 20;

Monday, July 22;

Thursday, August 29.

Library Joint Powers Authority Board Finance Subcommittee February 21, 2013

IX. ADJOURN

The regular meeting adjourned at 7:10 p.m.

The Library Joint Powers Authority Board Finance Subcommittee will adjourn from the regularly scheduled meeting of Thursday, February 21, 2013 to the next regularly scheduled public meeting on Thursday, March 21, 2013 at 6:30 pm in the Community Meeting Room of the Downtown Branch Library.

Respectfully submitted,

Helga Smith Clerk of the Board

All documents referred to in these minutes are available in the Library.

STAFF REPORT

DATE:

February 23, 2013

TO:

Library Finance Subcommitee

FROM:

Teresa Landers, Director of Libraries

RE:

Procedure for officer election

RECOMMENDATION: Adopt procedure for annual election of Finance Subcommittee officers

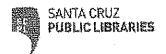
At the Finance SubCommittee's request, the following procedure for electing the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Finance Subcommittee is presented.

At the March Finance Subcommittee meeting an election will be held for Chair and Vice Chair.

This will follow the regular February Library Joint Powers Board meeting at which the LJPB Chair and Vice Chair are selected.

FOUR YEAR HISTORY REVENUES/EXPENDITURES

ACTUALS	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	DIFFERENCE	
FY	;	į	;	
08/09	11,451,483	12,502,840	-1,051,357	
09/10	11,088,663	10,272,823	815,840	,
10/11	11,531,002	10,507,858	1,023,144	
11/12	11,564,515	10,738,290	826,225	
AMENDED	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	DIFFERENCE	
FY	•			
08/09	12,923,354	13,827,044	-903,690	
09/10	11,435,454	10,977,862	457,592	
10/11	11,055,743	11,022,107	33,636	
11/12	11,143,397	11,791,380	-647,983	
ADOPTED	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	DIFFERENCE	
FY				
08/09	12,360,061	13,474,715	-1,114,654	
09/10	11,348,847	10,874,728	474,119	
10/11	10,984,614	10,847,933	136,681	
11/12	11,047,475	11,340,063	-292,588	
			,	DIFFERENCE
		1		ADOPTED
REVENUES	ADOPTED	AMENDED	ACTUALS	/ACTUAL
FY	ADOFTED	AIVILIVED	ACTORES	77.0107.0
08/09	12,360,061	12,923,354	11,451,483	908,578
09/10	11,348,847	11,435,454	11,088,663	
10/11	10,984,614	11,055,743	11,531,002	the second secon
11/12	11,047,475	11,143,397	11,564,515	
	•			DIFFERENCE
:				ADOPTED
EXPENDITURES	ADOPTED	AMENDED	ACTUALS	/ACTUAL
FY				
08/09	13,474,715.00	13,827,044	12,502,840	971,875
09/10	10,874,728.00	10,977,862	10,272,823	601,905
10/11	10,847,933.00	11,022,107	10,507,858	340,075
11/12	11,340,063.00	11,791,380	10,738,290	601,773



Teresa Landars clandersi@santacruzpi.org>

RPTTF residual distributions and LMIH distributions

Marianne Ellis < AUD033@co.santa-cruz.ca.us>

Mon, Jan 7, 2013 at 12:01 PM

To: "Bob Stanford (pvcemetery@cruzio.com)" <pvcemetery@cruzio.com>, Charles McNiesh <cmcniesh@swwd.org>, "Daniel Grebil (dgrebil@scottsvalleyfire.com)" <dgrebil@scottsvalleyfire.com>, "David King (bigdking@yahoo.com)"

To: "Bob Stanford (pvcemetery@cruzio.com)" <pvce>

<b

Hello Everyone,

On January 2, 2013, the Auditor-Controller allocated and distributed revenues deposited into the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Funds (RPTTF) of each City and County Redevelopment Successor Agency, according to ABX1 26 and the guidance of the California Department of Finance. This is done twice a year, in January and June, based on property tax revenues net of passthroughs, Successor Agency obligations, and other costs.

In addition, Due Diligence reviews of the Low and Moderate Income Housing Funds (LMIH) were performed for each of the former RDAs. The purpose of the review was to determine the amount of cash and cash equivalents available for distribution to the taxing entities from housing funds. These amounts were also distributed on January 2, although the Live Oak distribution was done in December. The taxing entities' portions were based on their contribution to the former RDA, adjusted for ERAF. Passthrough revenue was not taken into account for the calculations, so even though a taxing entity receives 100% passthrough, they are still entitled to a calculated portion of the LMIH distribution.

Here is a breakdown of the amounts received from each RDA from RPTTF distributions and from LMIH allocations. They were included in the cities' and special districts' revenue by journal entry, using subobject 0106.

Please call or email me or Mary Jo if you have questions. If I left someone off of this distribution that should be notified, please let me know.

Marianne Ellis

Accounting Manager

County of Santa Cruz Auditor-Controller's Office

Phone: 831-454-2674

Fax: 831-454-2660

marianne.ellis@co.santa-cruz.ca.us

City and SPEC DIST RPTTF and LMIH distributions 1-2-13.xlsx 15K

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January 2, 2013					20	ING DISTRICT	4LEY	ALLE RETIREMENT	313	ARY	ID RECREATION		Z		ERVICE AREA #9	ERVICE AREA #9A	ERVICE AREA #98	RAIN	DTECTION DISTRICT	EATION DISTRICT	EMETARY	FDISTRICT	[CT	VSERVATION DISTRICT	ATER DISTRICT	RE PROTECTION	
January 2, 2013				131610 CITY OF CAPITOLA	131622 CITY OF SANTA CRUZ	131627 SANTA CRUZ PARKING DISTRICT	131630 CITY OF SCOTTS VALLEY	131640 CITY OF WATSONVILLE RETIREMENT	131648 CITY OF WATSONVILLE	131855 COUNTY UBRARY	34910 CSA #11 PARKS AND RECREATION	135461 SC FLOOD ZONE 4	135462 SC FLOOD ZONE GEN	622350 SC FLOOD ZONE 5	622115 CO HWY SAFETY SERVICE AREA #9	2120 CO HWY SAFETY S	622125 CO HWY SAFETY SERVICE AREA #98	6222245 PAJARO STORM DRAIN	681310 CENTRAL FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT	683000 OPAL CLIFFS RECREATION DISTRICT	683310 PAJARO PUBLIC CEMETARY	SAGOOD SANTA CRIT PORT DISTRICT	684700 SIV WATER DISTRICT	684810 SC RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT	685001 SCOTTS VALLEY WATER DISTRICT	685010 SCOTTS VALLEY FIRE PROTECTION	



- * David E. Hale, CPA, CFP
- * Donald G. Slater, CPA
- ~ Birbard K. Kikuchi, CPA
- P Susan F. Matz. CPA
- · Shelly K, Jackley, CPA
- * Bryan S. Gruber, CPA Deborah A. Harper, CPA
- Brandon W. Burrows, CPA, Relired

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Administrative Board of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority Santa Cruz, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority, (Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 12, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



To the Administrative Board of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority Santa Cruz, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Administrative Board, the City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brea, California February 12, 2013

Santa Cruz, California

Basic Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

For the year ended June 30, 2012

Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2012

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- · Bryan S. Gruber, CPA
- Deborah A. Harper, CPA

Brandon W. Burrows, CPA, Retired

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Administrative Board of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority Santa Cruz, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority, (Authority), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 12, 2013, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP



To the Administrative Board of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority Santa Cruz, California

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements as a whole. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. These are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Brea, California February 12, 2013

Lance, Soll & Tunghard, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority (Authority) provides this Management Discussion and Analysis for readers of the Authority's Basic Financial Statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

I. Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Highlights:

The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$3,219,526 (net assets). A component of this balance represents \$1,282,715 of net investment in capital assets; however, the remainder of net assets consists of unrestricted net assets of \$1,936,811. Unrestricted net assets represent the amount normally used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations.

Changes in Net Assets - The Authority's total net assets increased by \$741,038 in fiscal year 2012 that was the result of the Authority's efforts to reduce expenses, which included employee layoffs, furloughs and less spending on books and materials.

The Authority's total assets increased by \$786,938 at the end of the fiscal year. All asset categories, except two, experienced increases during the year, including Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$921,126, Interest Receivable of \$557, Taxes Receivable of \$79,835 and Accounts Receivable of \$15,036. The asset category Due from Other Governments decreased by \$63,233 and Net Capital Assets decreased by \$166,383.

The Authority's total liabilities increased by \$45,900 during the fiscal year due to increases in Accounts Payable of \$142,153 and Deposits Payable of \$452, coupled with decreases in Loans Payable of \$43,009, Notes Payable of \$40,293, Deferred Revenue of \$12,072, Interest Payable of \$1,331.

Fund Highlights:

As of the close of the fiscal year, the Authority's general fund reported a fund balance of \$2,292,113 which is an increase of \$822,788 in comparison with the prior year amount. The fund balance is a measure of whether the Authority will have sufficient resources to meet its near-term obligations.

The Authority's general fund total assets increased by \$953,321 and the total liabilities increased by \$130,533 during the fiscal year. Changes in assets consist of increases in Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$921,126, Interest Receivable of \$557, Taxes Receivable of \$79,835 and Accounts Receivable of \$15,036. There was a decrease in Due from Other Governments of \$63,233. Changes in liabilities consist of a decrease in Deferred Revenue of \$12,072 coupled with increases in Accounts Payable and Deposits Payable of \$142,153 and \$452 respectively.

II. Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Authority's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., interest on long-term debt due but unpaid at the end of the fiscal year).

The Authority's library services function is principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and is therefore considered a *governmental activity*. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-14 of this report.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Authority has one governmental fund, the general fund, which is used to account for all of its activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 15-27 of this report.

II. Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents a section containing required supplementary information which includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. This section can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

III. Government-wide Financial Analysis

By far the largest portion of the Authority's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets, primarily machinery, furnishings, equipment and leasehold improvements. These assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, they are not available for future spending. The table below shows the components of the net assets.

Santa Cruz Public Libraries Net Assets At June 30, 2012

		2012	2011		
Total assets	\$	3,982,476	\$	3,195,538	
Current liabilities	\	500,939		369,586	
Noncurrent liabilities		262,011		347,464	
Total liabilities	-	762,950		717,050	
Net assets:	•				
Invested in capital assets, net		1,282,715		1,449,098	
Restricted		=		-	
Unrestricted		1,936,811		1,029,390	
Total net assets	\$	3,219,526	\$	2,478,488	

The figure in *unrestricted net assets* represents the balance in the amounts normally used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations. At June 30, 2012, the Authority had a balance of \$1,936,811 in unrestricted net assets which is a significant improvement from the balance of \$1,029,390 in the prior fiscal year end.

Governmental Activities. All the activities of the Authority are governmental, so it has no business-type activities.

III. Government-wide Financial Analysis, Continued

Santa Cruz Public Libraries Changes in Net Assets Fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

		2012	2011			
General revenues:						
Sales Tax	\$	6,036,252	\$	5,667,332		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		23,829		18,819		
Miscellaneous Revenue		29,036		101,631		
Total general revenues	,	6,089,117		5,787,782		
Program revenues		5,471,960		5,752,693		
Other financing sources		-				
Total revenues		11,561,077		11,540,475		
Expenditures		10,820,039		10,643,331		
Changes in net assets		741,038		897,144		
Net assets - beginning of year	i	2,478,488		1,581,344		
Net assets - end of year	\$	3,219,526	\$	2,478,488		

The Authority's net asset increased by \$741,038 during the fiscal year due to the Authority's continued efforts to reduce its operating expenses.

IV. Financial Analysis of the Authority's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. As mentioned above, such information may be useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the Authority's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$2,292,113, which is an increase of \$822,788 in comparison with the prior year amount. This increase has been possible because of the Authority's efforts to reduce operating costs, which have included employee layoffs, furloughs and less spending on books and materials. In addition, the Authority has received donations and assistance from the Friends of the Santa Cruz Public Library organization.

V. Budgetary Highlights

The final amended budget is more than the original budget for revenues and other financing sources by \$95,922, due to increases in Intergovernmental of \$28,422 and increases in Other Revenues of \$67,500. The final amended budget is more than the original budget for expenditures and other financing uses by \$461,276, due to increases in Personnel Services of \$17,440, Services, Supplies and Other Charges of \$348,836 and Capital Outlay of \$95,000.

The actual revenues and other financing sources were more than the final amended budget by \$495,246. The actual expenditures and other financing uses were less than the final amended budget by \$969,387.

VI. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2012, the Authority's investment in capital assets was \$1,282,715 (net of accumulated depreciation), which is \$166,383 less than the prior year. The decrease was attributed entirely to additional accumulated depreciation.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had total long-term debt outstanding of \$347,464, which consisted of outstanding note obligations of \$40,294 and outstanding loan obligations of \$307,170. The Authority's long-term debt decreased by \$83,302 during the fiscal year due to scheduled annual repayments of outstanding debt. Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of this report.

VII. Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

Of the Authority's fiscal year 2011-12 revenues (excluding other financing sources), 52% came from a dedicated quarter cent sales tax approved by the voters in 1996. This tax was originally intended to sunset in 2012, but the voters approved making this quarter cent sales tax permanent in 2008. The balance of the Authority's revenues come from local contributions, property tax collected in the County unincorporated areas designated for libraries, bequest income, donations and fees and fines. Sales tax revenues are driven by the general health of the local economy. Sales tax revenue increased during fiscal year 2011-12, but is not expected to increase significantly in fiscal year 2012-13. Property tax collections had been strong in the past, but the drop in property values due to the poor housing market and budget transfers from the State have also had a negative impact on the library budget. In response to primarily declining revenues in prior years, the Authority had enacted such actions as employee layoffs, work furloughs, less spending on books and reductions in branch hours. The Library Joint Powers Authority Board, anticipating a continued poor economy, is engaged in a financial planning process in which it hopes to set priorities for future library growth and spending. In fiscal year 2011-2012, the Library Joint Powers Authority implemented a new service model for the library system which is aimed at changing how services are delivered, improving technology at the branches, building up reserves and increasing branch hours.

VIII. Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Libraries, 117 Union Street, Santa Cruz, California, 95060.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

	Primary Government
	Governmental
•	Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,734,558
Interest receivable	4,075
Taxes receivable	590,897
Accounts receivable	15,036
Due from other governments	355,195
Total current assets	2,699,761
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,282,715
Total assets	3,982,476
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	·
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	403,954
Interest payable	7,838
Unearned revenue	3,098
Deposits payable	596
Loans payable - current portion	45,159
Notes payable - current portion	40,294
Total current liabilities	500,939
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Loans payable - due in more than one year	262,011
Total noncurrent liabilities	262,011
Total liabilities	762,950
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,282,715
Unrestricted	1,936,811
Total net assets	\$ 3,219,526

Santa Cruz Public Libraries Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2012

· Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities		
Primary government:		*****			
Library services	\$ 10,803,447	\$ 213,223	\$ 5,258,737	\$ 5,471,960	\$ (5,331,487)
Interest on long-term					
debt (unallocated)	16,592	÷			(16,592)
Total primary government	\$ 10,820,039	\$ 213,223	\$ 5,258,737	\$ 5,471,960	(5,348,079)
		General Revent	ıes:		
•		Sales taxes			6,036,252
		Unrestricted i	nvestment earning	;s	23,829
		Miscellaneous	•		29,036
		Total gener	ral revenues		6,089,117
••		Change in	net assets		741,038
		Net assets	- beginning of yea	r .	2,478,488
		Net assets	- end of year		\$ 3,219,526

Balance Sheet

Governmental Fund

June 30, 2012

	И	Aajor Fund
		General
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,734,558
Interest receivable		4,075
Taxes receivable		590,897
Accounts receivable		15,036
Due from other governments		355,195
Total assets	\$	2,699,761
LIABILITIES AND		
FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	403,954
Unearned revenue		3,098
Deposits payable	***************************************	. 596
Total liabilities		407,648
Fund Balances:		
Unrestricted:		
Committed	•	80,291
Unassigned		2,211,822
Total fund balance	BATE CONTINUE OF	2,292,113
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,699,761

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund					\$	2,292,113
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Asset	ts were	different becau	ıse:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets w				re not		
Infrastructure						579,683
Lease Improvements						2,018,031
Machinery and equipment						1,648,085
Software						3,983
Construction in progress						71,353
Less accumulated depreciation						(3,038,420)
Total capital assets			٠			1,282,715
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial reso not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	urces. T	herefore, inter	est paya	ible was		(7,838)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	nerefore,	they were not	reporte	d in the		
		Current		ng-Term		
		Portion	-	Portion		(207 170)
Loans payable	\$	(45,159)	\$	(262,011)		(307,170)
· Notes Payable	***************************************	(40,294)		-	4	(40,294)
Total long-term liabilities	\$	(85,453)	\$	(262,011)		(347,464)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities					\$	3,219,526

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2012

	Major Fund
	General
REVENUES:	
Taxes	\$ 6,036,252
Intergovernmental	5,132,007
Charges for services	15,665
Fines and forfeitures	197,558
Use of money and property	23,829
Other revenues	155,766
Total revenues	11,561,077
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
Personnel services	7,370,616
Services, supplies, and other charges	3,266,448
Debt service:	
Principal	83,302
Interest	17,923
Total expenditures	10,738,289
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	822,788
Net change in fund balance	822,788
FUND BALANCE:	
Beginning of year	1,469,325
End of year	\$ 2,292,113

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets For the year ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 822,788
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets were different because:		
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as an expenditure.		(166,383)
Repayment of principal debt was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.		83,302
Interest payable on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, but did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, it was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund.		
Prior year interest payable	\$ 9,169	
Current year interest payable	 7,838	
Change between prior and current year		1,331
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 741,038

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority (Authority) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In May 1996 the County of Santa Cruz (County), City of Santa Cruz (City), City of Watsonville, City of Capitola, and the City of Scotts Valley entered into a joint exercise of powers agreement to provide library services to their respective jurisdictions representing the entire incorporated and unincorporated areas of Santa Cruz County. On November 5, 1996, the voters approved an additional one-quarter percent increase in the sales tax to fund the library system. This revenue is collected by the County Library Financing Authority, and is subsequently passed through to the Authority. In addition to the sales tax funding, under the joint powers agreement, each entity has maintenance of effort requirements based on the respective entities' previous funding levels.

The Authority is a separate entity with a nine member board consisting of two members of the County Board of Supervisors, two members of the City of Santa Cruz City Council, one member each of the City Councils of Capitola and Scotts Valley, and three at-large citizens appointed by the Board. The City of Santa Cruz (the City) administers the library system. All library employees are employees of the City and have the same benefits and retirement programs as all other City employees.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds. Each fund is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Authority uses only one fund, General Fund, to record the results of its operations.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Authority's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of governmental activities for the Authority.

The basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and related infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the Authority in three categories:

- Charges for services (including fines and forfeitures)
- Operating grants and contributions
- > Capital grants and contributions

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for all governmental funds aggregated. The Authority presented one major governmental fund.

The governmental fund is accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance presents increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financial uses) in fund balance.

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures, other than principal and interest on general long-term obligations, which is recorded when due, are recorded when they are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

Deferred revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

C. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Assets

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the Authority's policy is to apply restricted net assets first.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority's cash is pooled with that of the City.

The City has pooled its cash and investments in order to achieve a higher return on investments while facilitating management of cash. The cash balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements of the Authority. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and other investments for varying terms. Investment policies and associated risk factors applicable to the Authority are those of the City and are included in the City's basic financial statements.

Highly liquid money market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available. Interest earned on investments is allocated to all funds on the basis of daily cash and investment balances.

The Authority also participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California, the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. These structured notes and asset-backed securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

E. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets having an estimated useful life in excess of one year, and an initial individual cost as follows, depending on the asset type:

Infrastructure	\$ 25,000
Buildings and lease improvements	10,000
Machinery and equipment	5,000
Software (if qualified)	5,000

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Assets acquired under capital leases are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's useful life are not capitalized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

E. Capital Assets, Continued

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Infrastructure	5-100 Years
Buildings and lease improvements	15-50 Years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 Years
Software	5 Years

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present capital assets. Consequently, capital assets are presented as reconciling items in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

F. Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred. Interest payable is not presented in the fund financial statements because the fund financial statements do not present liabilities related to long-term debt.

G. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – The fund financial statements do not present long-term debt. Consequently, long-term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

H. Net Assets

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net assets may be classified in the following categories:

<u>Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u> - This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u> - This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

I. Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 54 defines the components of fund balance and classifies it into five categories. Nonspendable fund balance is amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the principal of an endowment. Restricted fund balance is amounts that are subject to externally enforceable restrictions, such as those imposed by creditors, grantors or laws. Committed fund balance is amounts whose use is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself by the highest level of decision making body. Assigned fund balance is amounts whose intended use is established by the governing body or its specified delegate. Unassigned fund balance is the excess of total fund balance over the other four categories combined. Prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, encumbrances were reported in the financial statements as a reservation of fund balance. Encumbrances are now reported as assigned fund balance if they are not already included in nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority had cash and investments balance of \$1,734,558 at June 30, 2012. The Authority's funds are pooled with the City's cash and investments in order to generate optimum interest income.

Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy

The investments made by the City treasurer are limited to those allowable under State statutes as incorporated into the City's Investment Policy, dated June 26, 2012, which is more conservative than that allowed by the State statute.

The scope of the investment policy includes all activities of the City and the following reporting entities:

- City of Santa Cruz
- City of Santa Cruz Successor Agency (Redevelopment)
- Santa Cruz Public Improvement Financing Corporation
- Santa Cruz Public Financing Authority

Under provisions of this policy, the City is authorized to invest in the following types of investments:

- Money market accounts deposited with a nationally or state-chartered bank.
- Bonds issued by the City. Purchases of this type shall not exceed five years to maturity.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy, Continued

U.S. Treasury bills, notes, bonds, or certificates of indebtedness, or those securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government with maturities not to exceed five years.

Obligations, participations, or other instruments of, or issued by, a Federal agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise with maturities not to exceed five years.

Bankers' acceptances with a term not to exceed 180 days' maturity or 40% of the City's portfolio.

Nonnegotiable and nontransferable certificates of deposit issued by the following types of financial institutions which have branch office locations within Santa Cruz County: a nationally or state-chartered bank, state or federal credit union, or a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank. Purchases may not exceed 30% of the City's portfolio with no more than 5% of the portfolio deposited with a single issuer.

State of California Local Agency Investment Fund as long as the total amount of City and

Agency combined funds invested does not exceed the limit set by LAIF.

Shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies investing in authorized securities and obligations (e.g., money market mutual funds). Purchases shall not exceed 20% of the City's portfolio with no more than 10% of the portfolio in a single mutual fund.

Repurchase agreements with primary dealers of the Federal Reserve with specific terms and conditions. The market value of securities that underlie a repurchase agreement shall be valued at 102% or greater of the funds borrowed against those securities, and the value shall be adjusted no less than quarterly. Securities that can be pledged for collateral consist only of investments permitted within this policy with a maximum maturity of five years. Purchases shall not exceed 92 days to maturity and 20% of the portfolio.

> Internal financing pool established for the purpose of providing loans to City departments or funds for significant one-time purchases. Investments in the pool shall not exceed the lesser of

\$10 million or 10% of the City's portfolio.

Bond proceeds held by fiscal agents to be used only for specific capital outlay, payments of certain long-term debt and maintaining required reserves are invested in accordance with the requirements and restrictions of the City's investment policy unless provided for otherwise by the City Council or Redevelopment Agency Board and as permitted by specific State statutes, applicable City ordinance or resolution, and bond indenture requirements.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a participant in LAIF, which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2012, included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities:

<u>Structured Notes:</u> debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investment in State Investment Pool, Continued

<u>Asset-Backed Securities:</u> generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2012, the City had \$54,440,528 invested in LAIF accounts, which had invested 3.467% of the pool investments in structured notes and asset-backed securities as compared to 5.006% in the previous year. The City's share of structured notes and asset-backed securities due to its holdings in LAIF amounted to approximately 1.064% of investments at June 30, 2012.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to two and one-half (2 ½) years or less. The City is in compliance with this provision of the investment policy with a weighted average maturity of 449 days at June 30, 2012.

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

Investments in callable bonds are investments that, although having clearly defined maturities, allow for the issuer to redeem or call such bonds earlier than their respective maturity dates. The investor must then replace the called bonds with investments that may have lower yield than the original bonds. As a result, the fair value of the callable bonds is highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. As of June 30, 2012, the City held \$28,842,351 in callable securities, which amounted to approximately 16.57% of investments at June 30, 2012. The investment policy limits the purchase of callable U.S. Agency instruments to discreet calls and those that pay 100% of the principal at the redemption date. In addition, purchases of callable U.S. Agency instruments are not to exceed 30% of the value of the portfolio. The City is in compliance with these provisions of the investment policy.

Credit Risk

This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City manages credit risk by evaluating and pre-qualifying banks and primary dealers and by investing in securities with top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investment policy requires that the management company of mutual funds must have attained the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Although the investment in the Dreyfus California AMT-Free Muni Fund is not rated, and therefore, not in compliance with the City policy, it was authorized by City Council and City Officials as a necessary investment to preserve the tax-exempt status of the related bond proceeds.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy states that not more than 25% of the portfolio shall be invested in any one entity or any one instrument to protect the City from concentration of credit risk, with the following exceptions: U.S. Treasury Obligations and the external investment pool (LAIF). In addition, purchases of mutual funds must not exceed 20% of the value of the portfolio. Purchases in a single mutual fund may not exceed 10% of the value of the portfolio. The City is in compliance with these provisions of the investment policy.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2012 the Authority's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Balance Iy 1, 2011	Ad	lditions	Dele	etions	Reclas	sifications		Balance ne 30, 2012
Non-depreciable assets:	 					Anderson branchistan		•	
Construction In Progress	\$ 71,353	\$	+	\$	-	\$	_	\$	71,353
Total non-depreciable assets	 71,353						_		71,353
Depreciable assets:									
Infrastructure	579,683		-		-		-		579,683
Buildings	1,758,907		-		•		(1,758,907)		-
Lease improvements	259,124		-		•		1,758,907		2,018,031
Machinery and equipment	1,648,085		~		-		-		1,648,085
Software	 3,983				-	***********	~		3,983
Total depreciable assets, at cost	4,249,782		-				_		4,249,782
Total capital assets	 4,321,135	************	······································						4,321,135
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Infrastructure	(217,892)		(26,522)		-				(244,414)
Buildings	(941,087)		(85,809)		-		1,026,896		-
Lease improvements	(193,391)		(15.172)		-		(1,026,896)		(1,235,459)
Machinery and equipment	(1,515,684)		(38,880)				-		(1,554,564)
Software	 (3,983)		_		-				(3,983)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (2,872,037)		(166,383)		-		_	1	(3,038,420)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,449,098	\$	(166,383)	\$	br	\$	-	\$	1,282,715

In fiscal year 2012, the Authority reclassed the balances from the Buildings asset category into the Lease Improvements asset category, along with the associated accumulated depreciation. The Authority does not own any of its facilities, so any amounts spent on Buildings really relates to Lease Improvements.

Purchases of books are recorded as expenditures when acquired and are not included in capital assets.

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$166,383.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2012

3. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements do not present general government capital assets; consequently, capital assets are shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012, is as follows:

										Classif	ication	1
	1	Balance					ı	Balance	Du	e within	Du	e in more
Description	July 1, 2011		Add	Additions		eletions	June 30, 2012		one year		than one year	
City of Santa Cruz Loan	\$	350,179	\$	-	\$	(43,009)	\$	307,170	\$	45,159	\$	262,011
2004 Library Debt to County		80,587				(40,293)		40,294	***********	40,294	***************************************	_
Total	\$	430,766	\$	-	\$	(83,302)	\$	347,464	\$	85,453	\$	262,011

City of Santa Cruz Loan

In September of 2008, the Authority executed a loan agreement with the City for \$467,303 related to the costs of the Authority's tenant improvements at the Union Locust building. The loan will be repaid over ten years, with an annual interest rate of 5%. The annual debt service payment on this loan is fixed at \$60,518 and payments began in January of 2009. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2012 was \$307,170.

The annual installment payments remaining on this loan at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Total				
2013	\$	45,159	\$	15,359	\$	60,518			
2014		47,417		13,101		60,518			
2015		49,788		10,730		60,518			
2016		52,278		8,240		60,518			
2017		54,892		5,626		60,518			
2018		57,636		2,882		60,518			
Total	\$	307,170	\$	55,938	\$	363,108			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2012

4. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

2004 Library Debt to County

On April 26, 2004, the Authority entered into an agreement with the County to repay an overpayment received due to a distribution error from the County. Payments began in August of 2005 and consist of fixed annual principal payments of \$40,293 plus interest. The interest rate is based upon the LAIF interest rate used by both parties and varies year to year. The interest portion listed below is estimated based on the average monthly effective yields of the LAIF rate, which was 0.393% for 2012. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2012 was \$40,294.

The annual installment payments remaining on this agreement at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2013	\$	40,294	\$	158	\$ 40,452
Total	\$	40,294	\$	158	\$ 40,452

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The cities of Santa Cruz and Watsonville and the County of Santa Cruz are required to provide funding to the Santa Cruz County Library Financing Authority in accordance with the maintenance of effort agreement. The net revenues received by the County Library Financing Authority are then passed through to the Library Joint Powers Authority (Authority) and the City of Watsonville based on a prescribed formula. For fiscal year 2012, the Authority's share of the revenues is \$5,065,063 or 77.39%. Distribution of the member contributions are as follows:

Contributing Member Agencies	P A	County Library Financing Less: Authority Miscellaneous Net Contributions Costs Contributions		ss: nneous Net		P	Library Joint Powers Authority Share (77.39%)		City of Watsonville Library Share (22.61%)		
City of Santa Cruz City of Watsonville County of Santa Cruz	\$	1,394,751 541,684 4,611,920	\$	(2,713) (787)	\$	1,392,038 540,897 4,611,920	\$	1,077,298 418,600 3,569,165	\$	314,740 122,297 1,042,755	
Total	\$	6,548,355	\$	(3,500)	\$	6,544,855	\$	5,065,063	\$	1,479,792	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2012

6. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments include anticipated grant reimbursements from the State for incurred expenditures and funding for Library operations from the County Library Financing Authority. Amounts due are as follows:

	I	Y 2012
County of Santa Cruz	\$	353,941
State of California - First 5 Grant	************	1,254
Total	\$	355,195

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Commitments

As of June 30, 2012, the Authority had no outstanding commitments.

B. Contingencies

In the opinion of Authority's management, there were no additional outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the operations of the Authority at June 30, 2012.

8. RETIREMENT PLANS

Pension Plan

Authority's employees are covered under the City's participation in the State of California's Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).

The City contributes to PERS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, that acts as a common investment and administrative agency for participating public entities within the State of California.

The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance.

The Authority assumes its share of pension costs based upon rates established by PERS for the City's general employees. No separate pension benefit obligation is calculated for the Authority; accordingly, no obligation is presented herein. Further information regarding the City's participation in PERS may be found in the City's basic financial statements.

9. FUND BALANCE

In fiscal year 2011, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and the Authority approved a fund balance policy that recognized five fund balance classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Under the Authority's fund balance reporting policy, the order of fund balance classification within each fund is determined by the fund's total nonspendable amount and remaining fund balance. All nonspendable funds, such as inventories and prepaid expenditures, must always be classified first, even if this action creates a deficit unassigned fund balance, and classifying funds under the remaining categories is not allowable if the action creates a deficit unassigned fund balance. The Authority's policy established that, unless prohibited by legal requirements, the following fund balance category order should be used when classifying any remaining funds: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The Library Joint Powers Authority has been established as the highest authority for fund balance commitments. The approval of fund balance assignments and the classification of fund balance amounts has been delegated to the Director of Libraries.

In addition, the Board approved an establishment of a stabilization agreement to cover cash flow issues and unexpected expenditures in future fiscal years. The amount at June 30, 2012 is \$441,254. This amount is included in unassigned fund balance.

The following table shows the classification of the Authority's fund balances at the end of June 30, 2012:

Fund Balance Category	Ge	neral Fund
Committed for:		
Technology improvements	\$	4,875
New Felton branch		1,159
JPA Vehicle Replacement		74,257
Unassigned	•	2,211,822
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,292,113

10. AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

At June 30, 2012, the Authority had unrestricted net assets of \$1,936,811, an increase of \$907,421 from the prior year of \$1,029,390 on the Government-Wide Financial Statements, and a surplus fund balance of \$2,292,113, an increase of \$822,788 from the prior year balance of \$1,469,325 on the Fund Financial Statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements, Continued For the year ended June 30, 2012

10. AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION, Continued

The following is the four year trend information of financial condition of the Authority:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

		Total Net		Ur	restricted		•	С	hange in		
	Ass	sets (Deficit)	 hange \$	N	let Assets	Herior	Change \$	N	et Assets	(Change \$
2009	\$	812,584	\$ (936,791)	\$	(901,278)	\$	(1,096,894)	\$	(936,791)	\$	(37,930)
2010		1,581,344	768,760		(10,994)		890,284		768,760		1,705,551
2011		2,478,488	897,144	l	1,029,390		1,040,384		897,144		128,384
2012		3,219,526	741,038		1,936,811		907,421		741,038		(156,106)

Fund Financial Statements

	T	otal Fund	
	Bala	nce (Deficit)	 Change \$
2009	\$	(285,498)	\$ (692,166)
2010		511,782	797,280
2011		1,469,325	957,543
2012		2,292,113	822,788

The Authority has steadily improved its financial condition over the last three fiscal years. Whereas fiscal year 2009 saw a huge drop in the Authority's total net assets of \$936,791, fiscal years 2010, 2011 and 2012 saw an increase of \$768,760, \$897,144 and \$741,038 respectively, in total net assets. Similarly, whereas the Authority had a decrease in the fund balance of \$692,166 for fiscal year 2009, it saw an increase of \$797,280, \$957,543 and \$822,788 respectively, for fiscal years 2010, 2011 and 2012. These improvements in net assets and fund balance reduce the uncertainties regarding the Authority's ability to conduct future operations.

During fiscal 2011-12, the Authority continued certain procedures to improve its fund balance, including reductions in operating expenses which are anticipated to continue for the next few years.

Management estimates that the Authority will also end fiscal year 2012-13 with a positive fund balance based on its current budget. The Authority is not anticipating that revenues will increase significantly in fiscal year 2012-13; however, the Authority has continued policies to control expenses, including the implementation of the new service model for the Library.

11. OTHER INFORMATION

In 2011, the Authority approved a new service model for the Library system. Among other things, this new model will change the way services are provided, improve technology at the branches, build up-reserves and increase the number of hours that the branches are open. The new model will also result in changing the classification of Library positions, reducing some employees' hours and laying off certain employees. The implementation of the first phase of the new service model took place in January of 2012.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Santa Cruz Public Libraries Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2012

Budgetary Comparison Schedule, General Fund

•					Actual		iance with al Budget		
	****	Budgeted	Amou	ınts	F	Amounts	1	ositive o	
		Original		Final	(G/	AAP Basis)	(Negative)		
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	5,501,530	\$	5,501,530	\$	6,036,252	\$	534,722	
Intergovernmental		5,157,600		5,186,022		5,132,007		(54,015)	
Charges for services		13,600		13,600		15,665		2,065	
Fines and forfeitures		225,000		225,000		197,558		(27,442)	
Use of money and property		4,096		4,096		23,829		19,733	
Other revenues		135,690		203,190		155,766		(47,424)	
Total revenues	www.	11,037,516		11,133,438		11,561,077		427,639	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:				4					
Personnel services		7,903,568		7,921,008		7,370,616		550,392	
Services, supplies, and other charges		3,297,182		3,646,018		3,266,448		379,570	
Debt service:									
Principal		81,254		81,254		83,302		(2,048)	
Interest		23,100 25,000		23,100 120,000		17,923		5,177 120,000	
Capital outlay			********					······································	
Total expenditures		11,330,104		11,791,380	***************************************	10,738,289		1,053,091	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		(292,588)		(657,942)		822,788		1,480,730	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		9,959		83,704		73,745	
Transfers out - interagency		-		(148,668)		(83,704)	***************************************	64,964	
Total other financing sources (uses)				(138,709)	***********	-		138,709	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(292,588)		(796,651)		822,788		1,619,439	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year -		1,469,325		1,469,325		1,469,325	***************************************		
End of year	\$	1,176,737	\$	672,674	\$	2,292,113	\$	1,619,439	

Santa Cruz Public Libraries Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2012

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

An annual budget is adopted by the Authority on or before June 30 for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The annual budget process begins in Pebruary with a public hearing, at which time the Board considers service and budget priorities for the following year. The Director of Libraries then prepares a proposed budget, based upon the service priorities and revenue estimates. The proposed budget is made available to the public for review prior to a public hearing in May of each year. At this hearing, the Board can request supplemental information from the Director of Libraries. This supplemental information, plus an update on available financing for the Library System is presented to the Board for review prior to final budget adoption.

Administratively, the Authority's budget is managed under the policies and procedures of the City. The Director of Libraries is authorized to approve appropriation transfers up to a specified amount; however, any new appropriation requires approval by the Authority Board. Several supplemental appropriations that were necessary during the year are reflected in the final budgeted amounts. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level.

All annual operating appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, except for amounts legally encumbered at year end. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservation of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, and re-appropriations in the subsequent year provide authority to complete these transactions as expenditures.

In addition, project-length (or non-lapsing) budgets are adopted for capital improvements and other projects, and grant-funded projects or programs that may not be completed within the fiscal year during which the budget appropriation for the project or program originates. Under these circumstances, the appropriation continues until project or program completion, or unless the appropriation is subsequently amended or rescinded by the Authority Board.

Budgets are adopted each year for the General Fund. This budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Santa Cruz Public Libraries Combining Balance Sheet Library Operating Funds* June 30, 2012

				Libi	ary Oper	ating F	unds						Total
	Library JPA Operating	Contir Res			hnology eserve	Cap Pro Res		В	elton ranch eserve		JPA Vehicle placement		Library Operating Funds
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,654,464	\$	-	\$	4,825	\$	-	\$	1,147	\$	74,122	\$	1,734,558
Interest receivable	3,929		-		9		-		2		135		4,075
Taxes receivable	590,897		•				-		-				590,897
Accounts receivable	14,985		-		41		~		10				15,036
Due from other governments	355,195	***************************************	-			***************************************			_			•••••	355,195
Total assets	\$ 2,619,470	\$	_	\$	4,875	\$		\$	1,159	\$	74,257	\$	2,699,761
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable and other													
current liabilities	\$ 403,954	\$		\$	~	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	403,954
Unearned revenue	3,098		-		-		-		~				3,098
Deposits payable	596						<u> </u>		-		-		596
Total liabilities	407,648						-				*		407,648
Fund Balances:									•				
Unrestricted:	•												
Committed	-				4,875				1,159		74,257		80,291
Unassigned	2,211,822				_						···		2,211,822
Total fund balances	2,211,822	~	-		4,875		-		1,159		74,257		2,292,113
Total liabilities and										•			
fund balances	\$ 2,619,470	\$	-	\$	4,875	\$		\$	1,159	\$	74,257	\$	2,699,761

^{*}The "Library Operating Funds" constitute sub-funds of the General Fund of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority.

Santa Cruz Public Libraries
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Library Operating Funds*
For the year ended June 30, 2012

			Library Operating Funds				Total
	Library JPA Operating	Contingency Reserve	Technology Reserve	Capital Projects Reserve	Felton Branch Reserve	JPA Vehicle Replacement	Library Operating Funds
REVENUES:	<u> </u>				1000110	**CPACEITEIR	ranas
Sales and use tax	\$ 6,036,252	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,036,252
Charges for services	12,777	-	-		-	_	12,777
Federal grants	30,491	-	-				30,491
State grants	21,782	-	-	-	-	-	21,782
Local grants	14,671					-	14,671
Maintenance of effort	5,065,063	-	-	-	_	_	5,065,063
Room rentals	2,888	-	-		-	•	2,888
Fines and forfeitures	197,558	-	-	-	-	-	197,558
Investment income	23,147	24	56	-	13	589	23,829
Contributions and donations	54,262		-		-		54,262
From private trusts	72,468	-		_	_	-	72,468
Other miscellaneous revenues	29,036	~	-	-			29,036
Total revenues	11,560,395	24	56	~	13	589	11,561,077
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:					•		
Personnel services	7,370,616	-	-	-	**		7,370,616
Services, supplies,							
and other charges	3,266,448	•	-	-	•	-	3,266,448
Debt service:							
Principal	83,302	~	-	-	-	-	83,302
Interest	17,923	-	-				17,923
Total expenditures	10,738,289	h-	***************************************			_	10,738,289
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	822,106	24	56	•	13	589	822,788
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	10,036	_	_			73,668	83,704
Transfers out	(73,668)	(9,561)		(475)	_	70,000	(83,704)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(63,632)	(9,561)	-	(475)	-	73,668	
Net change in fund balances	758,474	(9,537)	56	(475)	13	74,257	822,788
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	1,453,348	9,537	4,819	475	1,146	.	1,469,325
End of year		***************************************					
Min of Acat	\$ 2,211,822	\$ -	\$ 4,875	\$ -	\$ 1,159	\$ 74,257	\$ 2,292,113

[&]quot;The "Library Operating Funds" constitute sub-funds of the General Fund of the Santa Cruz Public Libraries Joint Powers Authority.