

HOW TO RESEARCH The History of Your Santa Cruz House

Where to Begin ぐ What You Need to Know

> Joe Michalak May 2022 © 2022



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HOW TO RESEARCH THE HISTORY OF YOUR Santa Cruz House

INTRODUCTION

Researching the history of a house has been transformed from what used to be a daunting slog through an endless stream of unindexed public documents, old newspapers, and city directories. With the digitization of public records (census, voting, immigration, birth/death) and newspapers, coupled with the availability of high-speed connectivity, many barriers to access have been diminished or removed entirely. Except for deeds detailing owners and property descriptions, the bulk of relevant data–census, immigration, birth, death, and marriage records can now be located with a few keystrokes without leaving the comfort of your home. Local newspapers, a primary source for data, are now digitized/scanned, and serve as the equivalent of today's social media, capturing the personal triumphs and tragedies of everyday life. While social media can be deleted with a keystroke, the stories buried in historical newspapers are forever archived. Besides cataloging births, deaths, marriages, and the social life of a community, newspapers tracked property transfers, building permits, and the work of architects and builders. Today, much of this data is easily accessible if you know where to look.

The one exception is the historical deeds of trust that identify sellers (Grantor), buyers (Grantee), and provide an exact property description. Tracing ownership still requires physically examining indexes and deeds at the Recorder's Office. This guide is an attempt to provide a roadmap for researchers so that they can avoid detours, potholes, and false trails along the way.

Where to Begin: Building a Chain of Title–The Paper Trail

COUNTY GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICES (GIS) <u>http://www.co.santa-cruz.ca.u/default.</u> <u>aspx?tabid=93</u> This should be the first place to start a search with either an address or an APN number (Assessor's Parcel Number: "00921145").

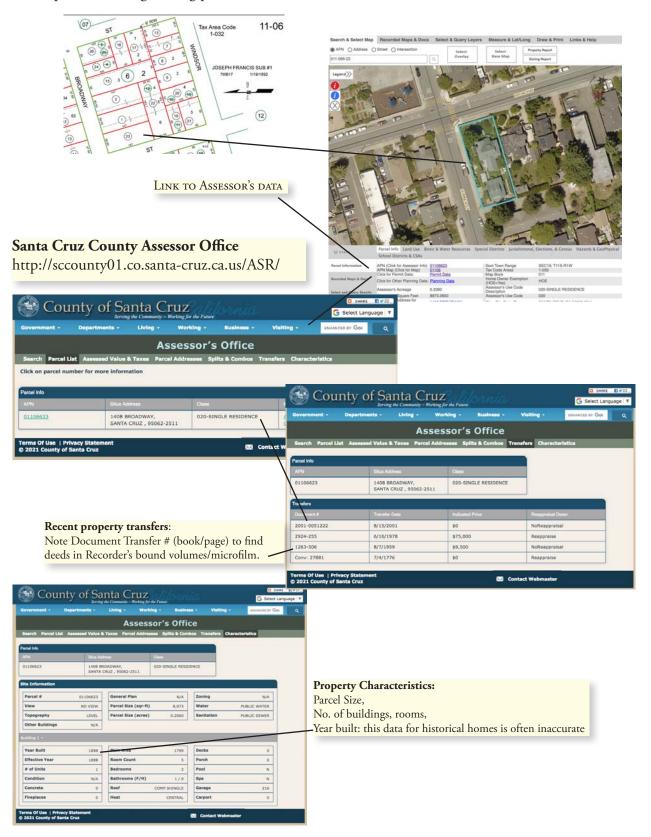
This site will be a source for:

Links to the Assessor's Office to find basic information about the house: property characteristics, lot and house size, approximate build date, number of rooms, etc.

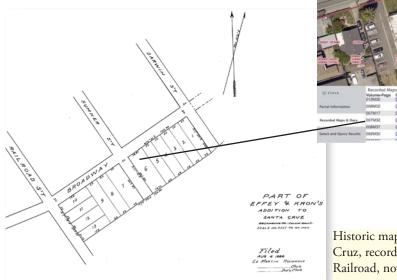


Property transfer data. This record will give you the most recent deed transfer information that you can use to expand your research.

Parcel Map. Link to the Assessor's Office for a map showing the size/measurement of your parcel and neighboring parcels.



Recorded and Non-Recorded Maps. These very useful historic maps can provide ownership clues. They sometimes offer the owner's name, date of transfer, and the trust deed data (book/pg). Maps can also show the historic development of a neighborhood.



Search & Select Map Recorded Maps & Docs Select & Query Layers Measure & Lat/Long Draw & Print Links & Help

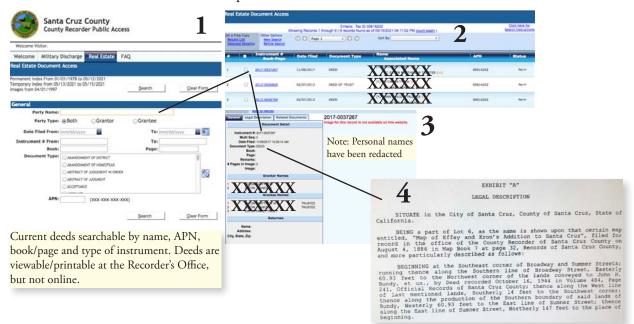


Historic map showing Effey & Kron's addition to Santa Cruz, recorded August 4, 1886. (Broadway between Railroad, now Seabright and Darwin St.)

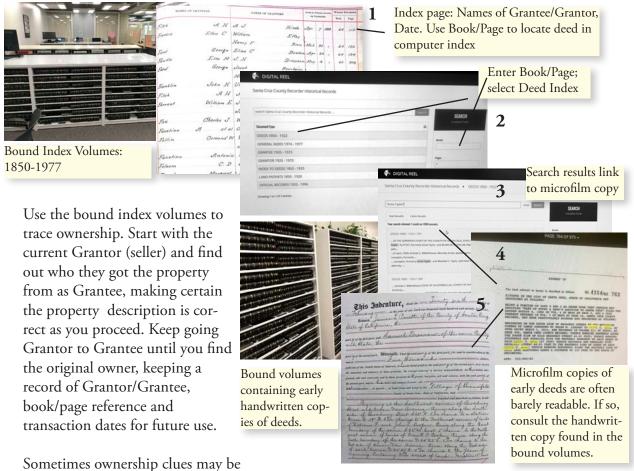
NEXT STEPS: TRACING OWNERSHIP-SANTA CRUZ COUNTY RECORDER'S OFFICE

The next step is crucial to establishing property ownership. The property transfer data (Deed document number and/or book/page) obtained from the Assessor's database will give you the initial information to find previous owners. The Recorder maintains two databases:

1) **Current Deeds: 1978 to date**-searchable by APN or Name (Grantor/Grantee) on computer workstations; deeds viewable and printable.



2) Historic Records: 1850–1977. These earlier deeds are found by searching the **bound volumes** organized by date and indexed under the names of the Grantor/Grantee. Using the book/page reference, you can search the Recorder's computer database for copies of deeds of trust. These deeds are stored on microfilm and retrieved using computer workstations. Early deeds are also available in written form in bound volumes. Recorder's staff can also print copies of historic deeds for a fee.

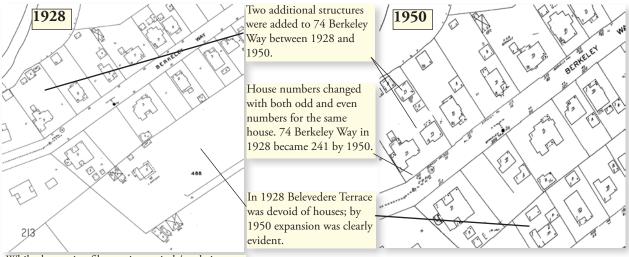


gleaned by examining historic Sanborn Fire Insurance maps.

For a growing city like Santa Cruz, house numbers were not static, and changed often. Searching local newspapers under earlier house numbers often identifies property owners and property transaction dates. Further clues may be found in city directories. When searched by address, directories may identify residents and often indicate their profession.

SANBORN FIRE INSURANCE MAPS

"Sanborn maps are detailed maps of U.S. cities and towns in the 19th and 20th centuries. Originally published by The Sanborn Map Company (Sanborn), the maps were created to allow fire insurance companies to assess their total liability in urbanized areas of the United States. Sanborn maps are valuable for documenting changes in the built environment of American cities over many decades. Specific changes in an individual site such as when a building was expanded or torn down, can often be dated within a reasonably accurate time frame, depending on how many different map editions for that city are available." https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sanborn_Maps; https://www.loc.gov/collections/sanborn-maps/articles-and-essays/sanborn-time-series/ Sanborn maps show the footprint of a structure, its shape, type of construction, location, boundaries, street names, and house and block numbers. Comparing the 1928 with the 1950 Sanborn map for Berkeley Way illustrates the kinds of development changes that can be discovered.



While these microfilm copies are in b/w, their value for documenting a house still obtains.



Maps reflected the growth of neighbohoods and while Berkeley Way was developed in the early 1900s, the earliest map didn't appear until 1928. Comparing street listings in annual city directories helps fill in the gaps by providing a more accurate assessment of neighborhood expansion.

Maps were issued in color and updated as needed. The Key to the 1917 map using color-coded symbols, described in detail the type of building construction, materials used, windows, location of water pipes, hydrant, fire alarm and numerous other elements related to engineering and safety.



What Sanborn maps are available and where?

Maps are available on microfilm, in bound volumes, and online. Sanborns are available at the Library of Congress, the Santa Cruz Public Library, Santa Cruz Museum of Art & History (MAH) and UC Santa Cruz (UCSC). Maps cover Aptos , Ben Lomond Boulder Creek. Capitola, Corralitos, Felton, Freedom, Lorenzo, Pajaro, Santa Cruz, Soquel, and Watsonsville. Please see **Appendix** for locations and coverage. Please note that this list is incomplete as bound volumes for various years exist at various locations, but their availability may be sketchy.

Library of Congress: <u>https://www.loc.gov/collections/sanborn</u>

Maps (color images). From 1886–1920. High quality images; coverage of Santa Cruz County cities varies.

Santa Cruz Public Library (Microfilm only and bound volumes)

Maps: 1886–1905; 1928, 1950; bound volumes, 1915 update of 1905, 1957 update of 1950.

Museum of Art & History (Archives)

Maps: Santa Cruz: 1956, v. 1 & 2; 1961, v 1 & 2; 1965, v 1 & 2 (bound volumes)

UC Santa Cruz: https://digitalcollections.library.ucsc.edu/

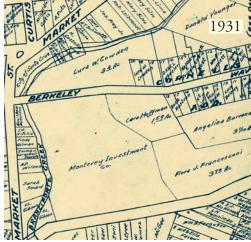
Maps available online, but not remotely for non-UCSC users, who may use online system at McHenry and Science & Engineering library workstations. Results may be downloaded and emailed. Search interface is intuitive with high quality images. Some pre-1900 maps are only available in paper form at the Science & Engineering Lirary and may be photographed using natural light.

San Jose Public Library

Maps: 1886, 1888, 1892, 1905, 1928, 1950 available online from ProQuest. Available to any citizen of California with presentation of ID at the Library (Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Library, 150 E. San Fernando St., San José, CA 95112) <u>https://www.sjpl.org/house</u>

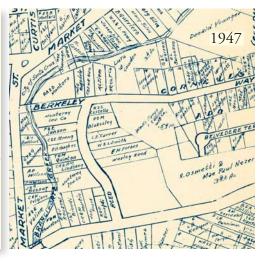
LAND OWNERSHIP MAPS (CADASTRAL)

Standard Map Service (Plat), **1931, 1944, 1947** (Not currently available online at UCSC Digital Collections. These maps will be available when UCSC completes its overhaul of its digital collections website in 2022). The Standard Map Atlas is a useful for validating property ownership information developed from other sources. Local coverage includes three years (1931, 1944, 1947): includes names of property owners and large parcels.



Contrast the development of Berkeley Way and surrounding area. Large swatches of land were undeveloped in the 1930s, but by 1947 most of the property adjacent to Branciforte Creek was built up. Both Reed Way and Belvedere Terrace underwent transformation.

The names on the map help confirm grantor/ grantee data.



Foreman & Wright, Survey Map of the City of Santa

Cruz, 1866. (1944 rendition Online at the County of Santa Cruz, Geographic Information Service(GIS). The Foreman & Wright Survey Map was commissioned as part of the Town of Santa Cruz's incorporation application to the State of California.

Hatch Map, 1889. (High resolution map is online at the Library of Congress). Compiled and published by Andrew Jackson Hatch. This map is the first official map of Santa Cruz County showing not only landowners, but towns, creeks, roads, and mountains. The original lithographed map is divided into 51 sections. Becase of its large size (5 feet wide by 4 feet high), the online version at UCSC is divided into 32 tiles for easier viewing. Stanley D. Stevens has published a rich history of the origins of the map, its creator, and the numerous individuals named on the map. *Names on the Map*, Santa Cruz: Museum of Art & History, 2020.





Section of 1889 Hatch Map showing portions of Watsonville and Pajaro.

1923 City of Santa Cruz Survey Map. Arnold Baldwin, Surveyor. Map identifies original developers of major tracts and parcels. Includes some identification of smaller parcel owners. Baldwin, a graduate engineer from UC Berkeley served as the County Surveyor for twenty years until his death at the age of 72 in 1955. Not available online; UCSC Special Collections.

Foreman & Wright, Survey Map of Santa Cruz, 1866. Detail of Beach Hill.

1923 City of Santa Cruz Survey Map Arnold Baldwin, Surveyor



BUILDING PERMITS

The Santa Cruz City Council issued building permits until the mid-1920s, after which permits were issued by the Building Department. The permit history of a house in the City of Santa Cruz can be obtained from the Planning Department (Zoning Desk, 2nd fl.). The County issues permit histories at the Assessor's Office; homeowner ID required. Local newspapers are a valuable source for locating building permit information and deed transactions. Newspapers published this type of data up until the 1950s. Not to be overlooked are the Santa Cruz Genealogical Society's valuable indices covering building permits in the City of Santa Cruz as reported in local newspapers from 1909-

1924. Available at the Public Library. County of Santa Cruz permits are acessible online from 1985; prior to 1985 are available at the Zoning Counter.

Building permits issued to Pedro Chisem and his alter ego, "P. Chishold" of Berkeley Way as reported in the Santa Cruz Sentinel, June, September 1910

Council: P. Chishold, alterations, Berkeley Way, \$100. S. T. Ridgley, alterations, Branci forte avenue, \$350. C. W. Teidt, alterations, Harrison street, \$150. Mrs. E. A. Swift, residence, Cliff street, \$1775.

BUILDING PERMITS

Building permits as follows were granted Monday morning by the City

Mrs. J. R. Sheehan residence, River

Mrs. J. R. Sheehan residence, River

side avenue, \$850. Christian Science Church, altera-

P. C. Morrissey, storehouse, Soquel avenue, \$275. F. M. Embree, alterations, Bethany

tions, Ocean street, \$200.

-Among the applications for build-

side avenue, \$\$50.

circle, \$150.

DISCOVERING THE PROPERTY OWNERS

Once you've uncovered some bits of data on property owners, whether it's based on a title search, or information gleaned by searching newspapers and city directories, or examining Sanborn maps to track address changes, there is

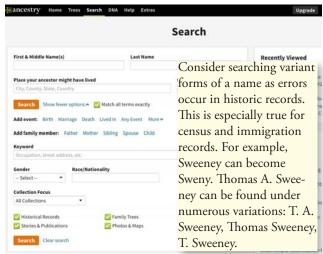
ing permits before the city council on Monday was one from P. B. Chisem for a \$4000 residence on Berkeley Way.

no one method that works foreveryone. If access to the Recorder's Office is problematic, you can piece together bits and pieces of data by searching addresses/names in newspapers to discover property transactions and owners. Once you have a name, you can trace that person through city directories, U.S. Census records, birth, death, and marriage records, and land ownership maps. Here are some of the key sources to guide you on your journey.

ANCESTRY.COM

(Online at Santa Cruz Public Library or personal subscription) Premier source for wide-range of data including: Census/Voter records, Birth/Marriage/Death, Immigration, Military service, City Directories (Santa Cruz, 1902–1981, with gaps), and Family Trees.

Public Member Trees can provide a rich trove of data on family members, especially if they are public trees, not private. Look for members who cite a large number of sources as the content has often been validated. Avoid the ones who merely replicate the work of others and offer no new data or repeat errors.





Public Member Tree record from Ancestry.com for Clara Alice Martin, aka, Alice Taylor. Note the

chronological personal history, list of family members Clara Alice Martin and list of validated linked sources. Clicking on any of these sources will expand your research further. 1880 U.S. Census record for Alice Taylor, aka, Clara Alice Martin. Alice Taylor 015 Name: Alice Tayl 1880 U.S. Census Age: 23 Abt 185 Birthplace: Maine NewLi mber: 120 White Matt 1. Ma Female ital status: Married as's Name: Edger C. Taylo H. 1880 U.S. Census record Keeping House for Alice Taylor extracted Name Edger C. Ta from original record. Alice Taylor Save & create tree ~ Cancel **Newspapers**

Newspapers.com (Available remotely to SCPL card holders) Aggregates over 20,000 newspapers from 1770–2000s. Includes newspaper archive for:

Santa Cruz Sentinel (various titles), (1862–2005) with coverage gaps, 1913–1931.

Santa Cruz Evening News, (1907–1941) Some gaps in coveage.

Santa Cruz Surf, (1883-1907) Rich source of local history and opinions not covered by other papers. (Microfilm copies of all papers and print indexes available at SCPL).

Other Newspaper sources:

Watsonville Register-Pajaronian, (1864–2012) Available from SCPL link, or https://www.cityofwatsonville.org/1411/Watsonville-Historical-Newspaper-Archive



Newspapers.com data is indexed using Optical Character Recognition technology which reads the text from historic newspapers on microfilm. The image quality of historical newspapers varies so searches often produce errors/"false drops." When searching personal names, search variant forms of a name to insure accurate results.

California Digital Newspaper Collection (CDNC) Online at SCPL or at CDNC.UCR.EDU. California papers from 1846–1922; same coverage as Newspapers.com for local papers. Includes *Daily Alta California*, 1846–1891; *Sacramento Daily Union*, 1851-1899, *San Francisco Call*, etc. Can perform sophisticated Boolean searches (AND, OR, NOT), a function not available on Newspapers.com.

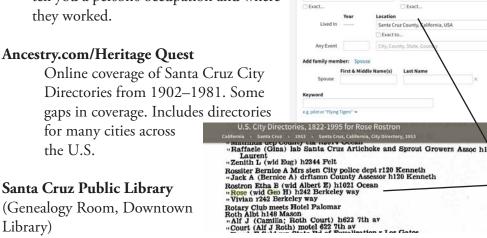
NewsBank, (Available remotely to SCPL card holders) *Santa Cruz Sentinel*, 1999–to present (supplements **Newspapers.com** which only indexes *Santa Cruz Sentinel* up to 2005).

San Jose Mercury-News and San Francisco Chronicle (1985-to present)

Covers thousands of U.S. and world news sources besides newspapers. New York Times (SCPL online with registration requirements).

CITY DIRECTORIES/PHONE BOOKS

City directories and phone books are useful for placing people at a particular place at a particular time. They may also tell you a person's occupation and where they worked.



Santa Cruz Public Library

(Genealogy Room, Downtown Library)

Santa Cruz City Directories,

1921–1968 (Print) Early City & Phone Directories under various titles available on microfilm.

Search Match all First & Middle Name(s)

Museum of Art & History (Archives) Santa Cruz City Directories, 1921–1968 (Print); Local Phone Books, 1907+ (Print)

HISTORIC PHOTOS

Old photographs convey a clear idea of a structure's former appearance and help establish a building's relationship to its surroundings. In addition to the sources listed here, a prime commercial source for historical photographs is the collection at **Covello & Covello Photography.** The firm was founded by the late photographer Ed Webber in 1938 and provided news photos to the Santa Cruz Sentinel from 1938 to 1969. Besides thousands of stock negatives, Covello & Covello has an extensive collection of photographs from mid-nineteenth century through the 1930s. https://www.covellocovello.com/ Contacting individuals who post Public Member Trees on Ancestry.com can also be a rich source for personal photos.

Santa Cruz County Historic Photographic Collection, UCSC Library Digital Collections.

UCSC's collection of photographs spans more than 100 years of Santa Cruz city and county development and activity. Notable subjects include Santa Cruz architecture before and after the Loma Prieta Earthquake (1989). "The collection documents communities and towns, some now gone; businesses and stores; industries: logging, mining, farming, ranching; the natural surroundings: beaches, forests, rivers, creeks, lagoons; cultural events and entertainment:

U.S. City Directories, 1822-1995

Last Name

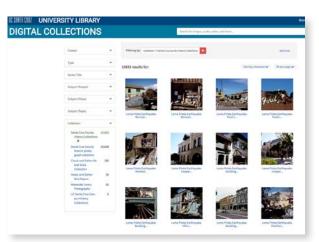
Browse this collection

To browse this image set,

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1954 1955

theater, exhibits, celebrations, parades; institutions: government, churches, schools, libraries; military displays and recreation: team sports, camping, and fishing; and means of transportation: railroads, streetcars, airplanes, automobiles, ships and boats. The bulk of the photographs (almost 11,000) document the city of Santa Cruz, but there are many images of the North and South county as well."





Santa Cruz Public Library has a large collection of photographs from the 1860s through the 2000s.

The Santa Cruz Museum of Art & History (MAH) Photo Archive has an extensive collection of historic Santa Cruz County 19th Century and early 20th Century photographs covering a wide-range of topics. https://archives.santacruzmah.org/ guides/photograph-collection/





Discover over two million photographs, documents, letters, artwork, diaries, oral histories, films, advertisements, musical recordings, and more. The collections in Calisphere have been digitized and contributed by all ten campuses of the University of California and other important libraries, archives, and museums throughout the state. Calisphere provides free access to more than 2,000 collections contributed by more than 300 cultural heritage organizations (libraries, archives, museums, and historical societies) in California. Each of these organizations has specific collection emphases, which may be informed by local history, activities, research interests, or other topics significant to its communities.

HISTORIC BUILDING SURVEYS

The Santa Cruz Historic Building Surveys provide a comprehensive planning tool for the identification, evaluation, and treatment of historic properties. The Surveys inventory (vI, 1976, vII, 1989, vIII, 2013) over six hundred structures; are available for download at the City's website. Criteria for evaluation is based on standards developed by the National Park Service and the U.S. Secretary of the Interior.

Surveys are based on a comprehensive evaluation of each property based on specific criteria for analyzing the integrity of each structure as well as the historic significance of past occupants and any events important in local, regional, or national history.

Each property is extensively researched to document historic authenticity and integrity (DPR 523).

Example of historic evaluation form for 512 Walnut Avenue, Santa Cruz. The house was designed by

architect Edward L. Van Cleeck for Frank Alzina, son of early pioneer Francisco Alzina. Frank was a butcher, married to esteemed local teacher Lora Effey. Until 2006, The home was owned by Hulda Hoover McLean, Santa Cruz County's second female supervisor.

Surveys are the first place to look to see if your house is listed as an historic resource. The County of Santa Cruz maintains a list of historic properties and can be obtained by contacting the Planning Department.



SANTA CRUZ HISTORIC BUILDING SURVEY VOLUME III - March 2013



he complex hipped and gabled form, with its projecting two-story bay window, cantilevered second roy wing, and recessed entry ports are clearly articlet-designed. The house may have been designed y architect, Edward Van Cleeck, although no sources have been located to confirm the architect. The source was constructed for Frank Alzina, son of early settler, Francisco Alzina. Frank worked as a butcher of married Lora Pfund Effey, an esteemed local teacher, in 1867. Alzina first built abarn on the property 1982 and soon after this residence. In recent times it was sourced by Hulde Houer McLean Lickan was one of Santa Cruz County's first female supervisors and was the niece of former President erbert Houer. The house continues to be owned by the McLean family.

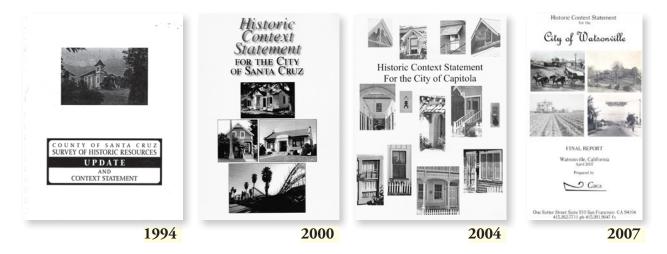


Evaluation findings are summarized in volume III, published in 2013.

The City of Capitola maintains a list of historic structures (Planning Department) as well as the City of Scotts Valley, https://www.scottsvalley.org/239/City-Historical-Landmarks.

HISTORIC CONTEXT STATEMENTS

Historic Context Statements provide an overview of the historic development of a city with examples of property types such as districts, buildings, and features, which represent the patterns of growth. Context Statements are critical for understanding, identifying, evaluating, and protecting those resources which give each community its individual character and sense of place. If you want to discover how a city developed its character, these surveys are essential. The County of Santa Cruz and the cities of Santa Cruz, Capitola, and Watsonville context statements are available on their websites or from their Planning Departments.



ARCHITECTURAL STYLES

Appendix A

The architectural development of local communities is examined in Historic Context Statements as an overview, but a detailed analysis of individual properties and their history is not included.

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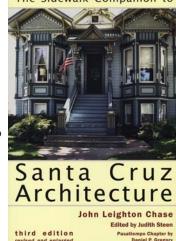
For the City of Santa Cruz, John Chase's, *Sidewalk Companion to Santa Cruz Architecture* offers a broad survey of neighborhoods, and the individual properties of historic significance. The earlier editions (1975, 1979) formed the basis of the City of Santa Cruz, Historic Building Surveys (1976, 1989). The

Appendix B Supplementary List of Buildings

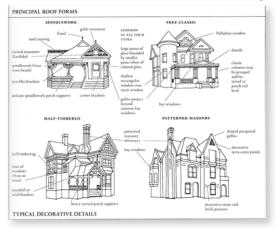
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hensive bibliography of local historical resources written by Judith Steen.

The Sidewalk Companion to



At 880 pages, Virginia McAlester's 2013 monumental *Field Guide to American Houses* is the premier source for detailed descriptions of styles and their origin. Well-illustrated with hundreds of drawings and photos.



The interpretation of an architectural style may vary depending on the knowledge of the architect/builder, availability of materials, and regional differences. The interpretation of the Queen Anne style may vary considerably covering a widerange differing of structures. While some have candle-snuffer corner turrets and wrap-around porches, others are a blended mixture of Colonial Revival, Shingle, or Craftsman style. Often there is an abundance of brackets, decorative trusses, and an entry door with a single pane at the top.

	Appendix C	
Ar	chitectural Styles in Santa Cruz	
to Carmel, built and about twel the men there w	Ians, who populated the San Francisco Peniroula and the coast south three types of structures. Circular houses of poles, covered with housh the fer in diametes, were inhabited by the women and children. For eas the remescal a combination clubhouse and sauna. During camping ular back structures were exected for temporary turbets.	
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Italianate	When the Sparsh and Mexican and/od, they vied to reproduce as best they could be last barropia excitationar familiar to them. If Mexica, advise that in hars been mported from Spars. The Instances of the advide buildings naturalized and the variable distributed without the buildings constructed to very imple advise tructures with hick walks and a out of the hubitory to measure of the natural ter found in California, or this listicating the value ensus particular the building how the tructures with hick walks and/or advised to the hubitory advised areas, but have losses with advised advised and hubitory bars was not used for windows until the Hubits (winas and for Montgarez advised).	Archit
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6 8	Isable Revival iothic and Geek Revival were the major styles of the 1850s and 1860c in Santa Cruz. Iodelicd after the temples of ancient Greece, Greek Revival buildings were hankbeited by the temple form-portics, pedimented gable, entableture, and pillared writes.	tyles
1	iothic Revival buildings have steep gables, lacy barpoloonds, delicate split pilutares, lador ached poschus, comicos, and doorways, and pointod ach windows. Gothic ionival dorivers is origin from the interesteredit contexpression dor the policitarispue, the omantic, and the medieval, using Gothic cathedrals as its inspiration.	-
le b a o p	Nationals be 1360 and 1375; the Tableson regile was popular for homes and continued to a used read the 1395; the havines buildings. The triple was derived from Misenshi and assention-entropy athink an architecture. Unaccented of buildings - gathering and an and a simple section and different fight of architecture and material distributions. The material different fight of architecture and achieves the sound with the flat topped arch, and the stooghe sided arch.	

Architectural Styles in Santa Cruz, *The Sidewalk*

Companion to Santa Cruz

Architecture, 3rd., 2005.

In term of the century. The earliest Italianate houses are supare with hip roofs and few details, Later, and user commonly, divey with effit futured is how angle hyps and low resist with a constant and a constant with a constant with an and premisent likely, a raised from prender that dedocrating commercial using a raised may there is a subscribed with the constant with a constant with an and a constant with the constant with prediction with predictions with the prediction with the constant with predictions with predictio

Stick and Battabler (1880):-11990). The Victarian ers Stöck style is frequently used in combination with Battable. The Battable erammettable in its characterized by Sold use of protectic shapes, threeflammakinal patterns, curved brackets, rowe of lathe-turned spindles, insisted curving, growerd molilongs, were provided by the start of the start were provided by the start of the

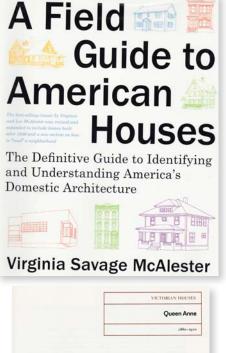
Queen Anner. (1885-1980) Originally un English tyde formulated by Kichard Norman Shaw in the 186 mill baring tilder eritation to the achievators of the time of Queen Anne, it were through ma transformations before it arrives in California after 1885. Less formal than earlier Vieterian styles ought to be pictresse with an asymmetrical plan, complex room film, corner towers, and gales frequently displays a variety of textures and colers in hands of different siding materials including tridipolard, and hinging. The hadding and share have hystorheous erizories shapes porcetos of the minetees than howe blended that Califant liveration. Single, and California styles by the east of the minetees

Shingle: (1885-1966) Similar to the Queen Asne, particularly as it appeared in the Eastern United States, the Shingle style is known for simplicity of detail together with a groater interest in massing of forms. The walls and hipped and galded rooks are simpled and include frequently curring wall surfaces. Banded windows contributed to a general horizontal emphasis. In Santa Cruz, the Shingle style is often found mixed with down refers.

Queen Anne Cottage, 1408

Broadway, Santa Cruz.

The City of Santa Cruz, *Historic Building Survey*, *vIII* (2013).



NTHVING FEATURES Steeply pitched root of irrepuir shape, usually with a dominant front-facing gable; pattermed singles, cateway buy windows, and other devices used to avoid a smooth-walled appearance, asymmetrical facade with partial or full-width porch which is usually one more table and consoled down once as their hidd work.

NCIPAE SUBTYPES Queen Anne houses are most conveniently subdivided into two sets of overlapping subtypes. The first is based on characteristic variations in *shape*; the second on distinctive narrows of *docenteric detailing*.

HAPE SUBTYPES

To the protocol of the strength of the transport of the strength of the streng

20056-GARLID BOOK-About an percent of Queen Anne houses have simple errors-gabled roofs without a central, hipped unit. These are normally of L-shaped plan, a tower, when present, is usually embraced within the L.

FIGST-CARLETE NOOF-ARGOUT SO PERCENT OF QueEN ARGO BOUND THEY & FIGST-CARLETE NOOF-ARGOUT SO CARLETE AND A AND

McAlester, excerpt from 1984 edition.



BIOGRAPHICAL SOURCES

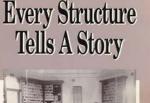
"The subject of your research, of course, will determine which, if any, biographical or historical reference sources will be useful for information on owners and occupants. Of the biographical and historical books concerning Santa Cruz County, Elliott's, Santa Cruz County, California, authored by Rev. S. H. Willey, Dr. C. L. Anderson, Edward Martin, and others, published in 1879, is the earliest and perhaps the most inportant architectural source. Its many engravings provide an extensive record of the town's appearance at the time." John Chase, *The Sidewalk Companion to Santa Cruz Architecture, 3rd. ed.* Santa Cruz: Museum of Art & History, 2005.

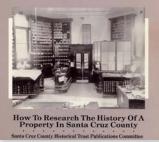
Leon Rowland, wrote a local history column, "Circuit Rider" for the

Santa Cruz Evening News in the 1940s. This column and other research formed the basis for Santa Cruz: The Early Years, (Paper Vision Press, 1980). Rowland provides a vivid, detailed account of the early settlers and the times they lived in, profiling some of the most significant historical figures, their accomplishments and deeds. Also included is an exhaustive account of *Los Fundadores*, the founding families of Santa Cruz. Rowland maintained a vast card file on local historical figures and events. The repository is now available online at UCSC: https://library.ucsc.edu/speccoll/rowland-collection-about-the-rowlands. Another newspaper reporter, Ernest Otto, wrote "Old Santa Cruz," a column for the Santa Cruz Sentinel from the 1930s until the early 1950s. While not a historian, his work detailed people and events as he experienced them first hand. Preston Sawyer, Sentinel proofreader and photographer, wrote a column, "Santa Cruz Yesterdays," from 1948–1959. Each week he contributed an old photo and wrote a historical account of events surrounding the photo.

A LAST DETAIL

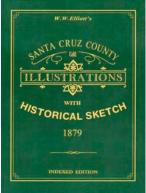
In 1990, The Santa Cruz Couty Historical Trust, published, *Every Structure Tells A Story*. While technology has advanced, making public sources more accessible, the research tools discussed are still valid today. It is well worth the time to consult *Every Structure* for its broad description of city directories, land ownership maps, local newspapers, and bibliographies. Although out-of-print, it is available for download the Santa Cruz Museum of Art & History.





Joe Michalak, Please send comments and corrections to: joemich1@gmail.com. This document will be revised frequently. ©2022





The Museum of Art & History, 1997 reprint

APPENDIX Santa Cruz County Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps March 2022

LEGEND:

LOC: Library of Congress: https://www.loc.gov/collections/sanborn-maps

UCSC: Available over the Internet for UC Santa Cruz faculty, staff, and students only; available to all others at workstations at McHenry and the Science & Engineering library. Data may be downloaded and results emailed.

MAH: Santa Cruz Museum of Art & History (Archives)

SCPL: Santa Cruz Public Library, Downtown Branch.

NOTE: Maps used color-coded symbols, describing in detail the type of building construction, materials used, windows, location of water pipes, hydrant, fire alarm and numerous other elements related to engineering and safety. All Sanborn maps are in digital format and in color unless otherwise indicated.

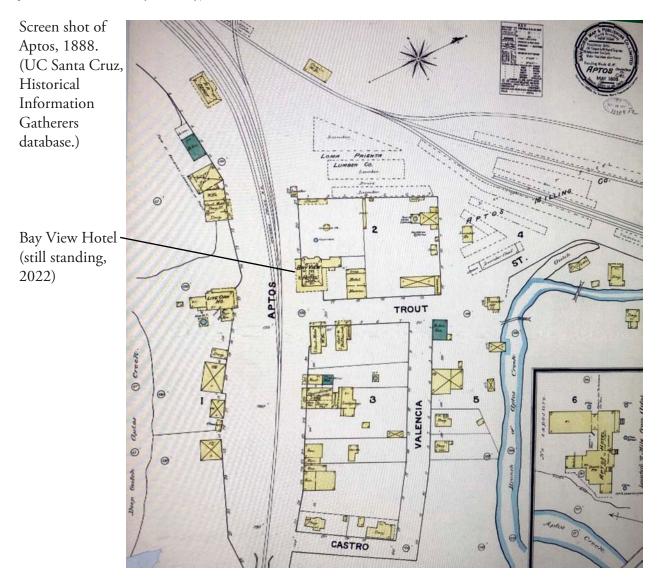
	YEAR	LOCATION
Aptos:	1888	LOC; UCSC
	1892	LOC; UCSC
	1908	LOC; UCSC
	1926	UCSC
	1929	UCSC
Ben Lomond:	1908	LOC; UCSC
	1926	UCSC
	1931	UCSC
BOULDER CREEK:	1892	LOC; UCSC
	1897*	LOC; UCSC
	1908	LOC; UCSC
	1931	UCSC
*(Incl. Lorenzo)		
CAPITOLA:	1888*	LOC; UCSC
	1892*	LOC; UCSC
	1905*	LOC; UCSC
	1917 (June) 1927	No longer available online at UCSC

(*Note: 1888, 1892, 1905, 1917, included with Santa Cruz)

CORRALITOS:	1892	LOC; UCSC		
*(Incl. w/	1902	LOC; UCSC		
Watsonville)	1908	LOC; UCSC		
	1920	LOC; UCSC		
	1962	LOC; UCSC		
		,		
Felton:	1895	LOC; UCSC		
	1908	LOC; UCSC		
	1918	100,0000		
	1926	UCSC		
	1720	UCSC		
Freedom:	1920*	LOC; UCSC		
*(Incl. with	1720	LOC, UCSC		
Watsonville)				
DALADO.	1020*			
PAJARO:	1920*	LOC; UCSC		
*(Incl. with				
Watsonville)				
Santa Cruz:	1877 (Aug.)		No longer available online at UCSC	
	1883 (Oct.)		No longer available online at UCSC	
	1886		LOC; UCSC; SCPL (b/w microfilm)	
	1888		LOC; UCSC; SCPL (b/w microfilm)	
	1892 1905* (through Mar. 1915)		LOC; UCSC; SCPL (b/w microfilm)	
			LOC; UCSC; SCPL (b/w microfilm; bound	
		,	volumes in color.)	
	1917* (through June 1917)		No longer available online at UCSC	
1928* 1950* (through Aug. 1957)		2 ,	SCPL (b/w microfilm)	
		h Aug. 1957)	SCPL (b/w microfilm; bound volumes in	
		0 /	color.)	
	1956		MAH (bound volumes in color)	
	1961		MAH " " "	
	1965			
		1017 1020 105		
	*(Note: 1905, 1917, 1928, 1950 include Twin Lakes & Del Mar;			
	Capitola included with 1888, 1892, 1905, 1917)			
SOOLIEL	1888	LOC; UCSC		
SOQUEL:		<i>,</i>		
	1892	LOC; UCSC		
	1908	LOC; UCSC		
	1920	UCSC		
	1933	UCSC		

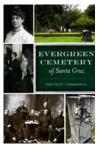
WATSONVILLE:	1886	LOC; UCSC
	1888	LOC; UCSC
	1892	LOC; UCSC
	1902	LOC; UCSC
	1908	LOC; UCSC
	1920*	LOC; UCSC
	1940	UCSC
	1950	UCSC
	1956	UCSC
	1962	LOC; UCSC

*(Includes Watsonville Junction in Monterey County)

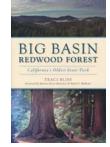


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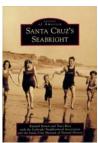
These sources complement the Bibliography created by Judith Steen for John Chase's 3rd Edition of the Sidewalk Companion to Santa Cruz Architecture, 2005 (reprinted with corrections, 2007). There is no overall recent history of Santa Cruz County, but these volumes provide insight into the people who played a significant role in the communities that constitute Santa Cruz County. Some of these volumes were created before the availabiliy of online research tools for genealogy, local newspapers (Newspapers.com, est. 2012), and archives. Therefore, discrepancies between what was known then, and what information may be easily discovered today, will exist. Please note that besides the volumes listed here, there is an additional number of significant works on local history published (including an Online History Journal) by the Museum of Art & History:https://www.santacruzmah. org/history-collection



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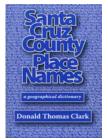


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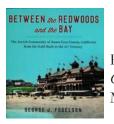
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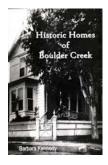


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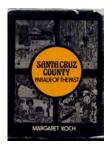


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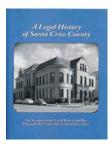


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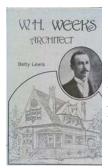
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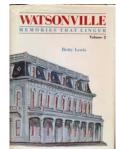
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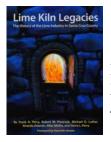
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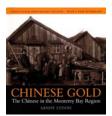
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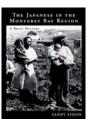
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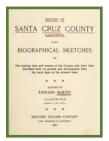
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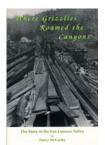
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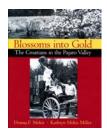
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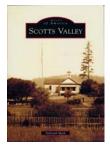
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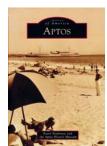
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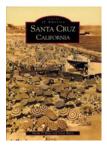
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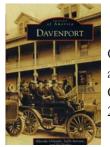
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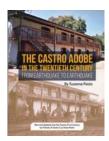
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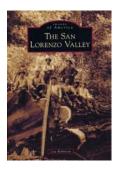
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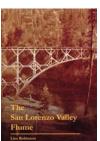
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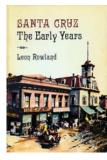
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Download at: https://www.cityofsantacruz.com/government/citydepartments/planning-and-community-development/programs/historic-preservation-in-santa-

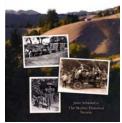
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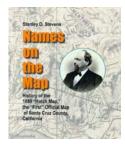
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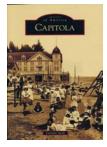
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COMMUNITY & REGIONAL RESOURCES

To further aid your research on local history topics please consider the varied collections of the many local archives, museums, and libraries in Santa Cruz County, nearby collections, as well as the vast virtual collections offered by the University of California through its Online Archive of California (OAC) and Calisphere. While the breadth of coverage will vary, all of these institutions maintain collections of books, manuscripts, photographs, and local artifacts that may help one discover information on historic properties and the individuals who occupied them.

APTOS HISTORY MUSEUM 7605-B Old Dominion Ct. Aptos, CA 95003 (831) 688-1467 aptoshistorymuseum@gmail.com

CAPITOLA HISTORICAL MUSEUM For research questions, call or email. 410 Capitola Avenue Capitola, CA 95010 831-464-0322 capitolamuseum@gmail.com

Edna E. Kimbro Archive

The purpose of the Edna E. Kimbro Archive is to organize, preserve and protect in perpetuity the resources associated with Edna Kimbro's personal library and research. The goal is to make this material accessible to researchers, students, professionals, and the public, and to provide research support to further the study of early California history. The Archive specifically contains material focused on the history of the Juan Jose Castro Adobe, the Castro family, as well as subsequent owners of the historic adobe. Resources related to the adobe since the California State Park's acquisition are also preserved in the Archive. There are extensive research files on the Santa Cruz Mission Adobe, Mission Hill, the Branciforte Adobe and Villa de Branciforte, the Bolcoff Adobe at Wilder Ranch, and the adobes in Monterey and elsewhere in California. The archive also includes the Fred Webster Collection (earthen building structural engineer who worked with Edna), the Villa de Branciforte Collection (research of Marion Pokriots and Ed Silveira/Villa de Branciforte Preservation Society), and other archaeological and artifactual materials that further the understanding of our area's early history. For more information please contact Charlene Duval at: cduval@cruzio.com

ONLINE ARCHIVE OF CALIFORNIA (OAC) provides free public access to detailed descriptions of primary resource collections maintained by more than 300 contributing institutions including libraries, special collections, archives, historical societies, and museums throughout California and collections maintained by the 10 University of California (UC) campuses. Open the virtual doors of these institutions from our home page. The key is the OAC's more than 55,000 online collection guides. You can use these to browse, locate resources, or view selected items digitally (the OAC contains more than 240,000 digital images and documents) or learn how you can gain access to the physical objects. The OAC's comprehensive online collection guides make it easy to find collections and locate individual objects. These guides provide detailed descriptions of the items in a collection, as well as background, historical studies, and analyses (when available). Selected items have been digitally scanned for immediate online viewing. See: https://oac.cdlib.org/

PAJARO VALLEY HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

The Borina Archive & Alzora Snyder and Jane Borg Research Center has numerous collections of information and physical artifacts documenting various aspects of Pajaro Valley history. There are thousands of photographs and documents in the following file collections: family, business, organization, agriculture, church, school, building and homes. Some special collections include Betty Lewis, William Weeks, Charley Parkhurst and the extensive costume collection. The Volck Museum and Tank House contain the larger artifact collections. Access to these collections is by membership or through special arrangement. https://www.pajarovalleyhistory.org/archives/Please phone for appointment: 831.722.0305 or email: info@pajarovalleyhistory.org

SAN LORENZO VALLEY MUSEUM 12547 Highway 9, P.O. Box 576 Boulder Creek, CA 95006 831-338-8382 https://www.slvmuseum.org/index.html

SANTA CRUZ MUSEUM OF ART & HISTORY (MAH) 705 Front Street Santa Cruz, CA 95060 https://www.santacruzmah.org/history-collection

The Archive is open by appointment and offers research material pertaining to all aspects of Santa

Cruz County history. Please contact MAH at 831.429.1964 x7019 or archives@santacruzmah.org for any research requests.

SANTA CRUZ PUBLIC LIBRARY Downtown Branch 224 Church Street 831-427-7707

The library collection contains a wide-range of material on Santa Cruz County history, including local history articles, photographs, and a large collection of books about California and local history. Information on local history collections will be found here: https://history.santacruzpl.org/omeka/#_ga=2.195257644.1201677463.1650513103-1095214277.1638835805

SOURISSEAU ACADEMY FOR STATE AND LOCAL HISTORY Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Library Special Collections Reading Room, 5th Floor 150 E. San Fernando St. San José, CA 95112

The Sourisseau Academy for State and Local History is located in the Special Collections Reading Room of the King Library, at San Jose State University. Sourisseau maintains an extensive photograph and ephemera collection relating to the history of Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Benito, San Mateo, and Alameda counties. The Academy staff of historians and archivists provide research assistance and access to our archives. Sourisseau currently houses over 350 photos that relate to Santa Cruz County. Some finding aides are on the Online Archive of California (OAC) and some photo collections are on Calisphere. See www.sourisseauacademy.org Contact email: research@sourisseauacademy.org

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA CRUZ SPECIAL COLLECTIONS & ARCHIVES

"We are here to preserve, share, and promote the Library's unique primary sources for the use of UCSC's academic community as well as the general public. Our collections include the University Archives, photographs, maps, rare books, and the archives of many individuals and organizations. These materials support a variety of research projects in the arts, humanities, and history of science. We support the University's academic program and its instructional and research interests, document the cultural heritage of the Santa Cruz region, and maintain the historical record of UCSC." Browse Digital Collections: https://digitalcollections.library.ucsc.edu/ For Current Reading Room Hours: https://guides.library.ucsc.edu/speccoll

PLEASE SEND COMMENTS/CORRECTIONS TO JOE MICHALAK: joemich1@gmail.com ©2022